# Stronger Together Session 3

JAMIE VANDERLINDEN, LCSW, LAC





## Agenda

- 1. Quick Review of Integration
- 2. Introduction to Value-Based Care
- 3. Data and Quality Measures
- 4. Paradigm Shift



## **Integrated Care Lens**

- •Improve overall health and wellness of patients
  - Chronic Illness is often able to be managed through behavioral interventions and changes
  - So ANYONE with ANY chronic illness is appropriate for a BH intervention
- •Improve health outcomes for all patients
  - Utilize the ENTIRE team to wrap around the patient
- Reduce hospitalizations
- Reduce the cost of healthcare
- Reduce bias for receiving behavioral health and substance use treatment
- •Enhance motivation and empower patients to live with vitality!





#### Context

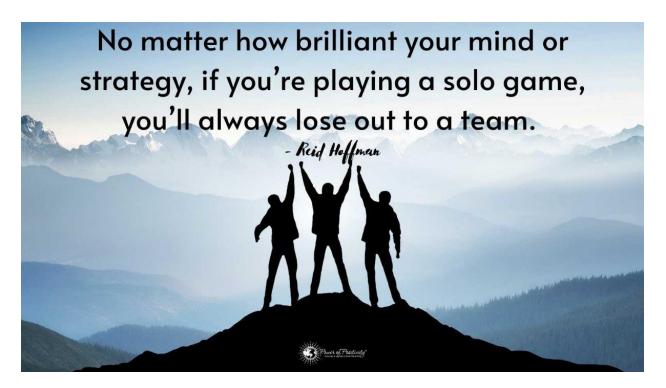
- •Forty-six of the 56 counties in Montana have 6 or fewer people per square mile.
  - They are designated as "frontier".
- •In 2019, there were 2 cows to every 1 person in Montana
- EVERYONE on the team plays an important role in providing patient care.
- •When we are building services and workflows, we need to remember our context of Primary Care and Frontier Montana.





## **Building Strong Teams**

- Everyone on the team matters – From Patient Access to Billing to HR to Direct Care Providers
- ■Each team-mate needs to understand the mission and vision and their role





## Integration 101

- Integration is not only the responsibility of the BH Team
- ❖Integration is the ENTIRE team understanding:
  - Motivational Interviewing,
  - ❖ De-Escalation Techniques,
  - ❖The Culture of Poverty,
  - ❖HIPAA, Mission and Vision,
  - ❖Their Role in Workflow,
  - ❖ Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs,
  - \*ACCESS!!!!!
  - If the ENTIRE team is not practicing these values your clinic is not practicing Integration
  - (See Goals of Integration)





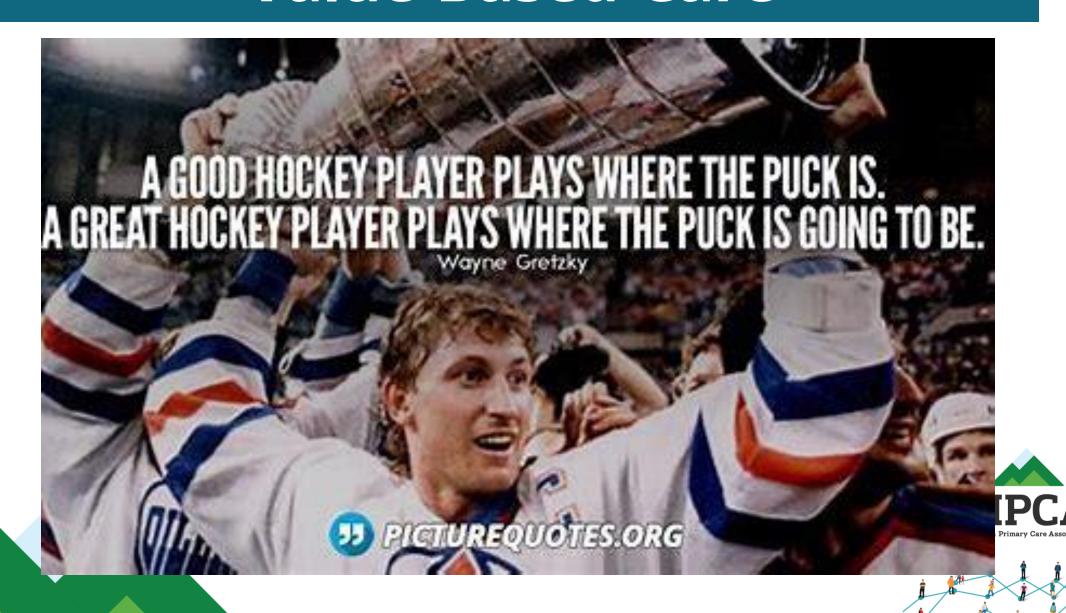
### **Integrated Team Goals**



- •Improve overall health and wellness of patients
- •Improve health outcomes for all patients
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### Value-Based Care



### What is Value-Based Care?



A health care delivery model under which providers are paid based on the health outcomes of their patients and the quality of services rendered.

- Health care spending in the US increased from about5% of the total economy in 1960 to nearly 18% in 2016.
  - Currently totaling upwards of \$3.5 trillion annually.
  - We spend 2-3 times more than most developed countries annually...and achieve worse results.
  - All of us shoulder that burden.

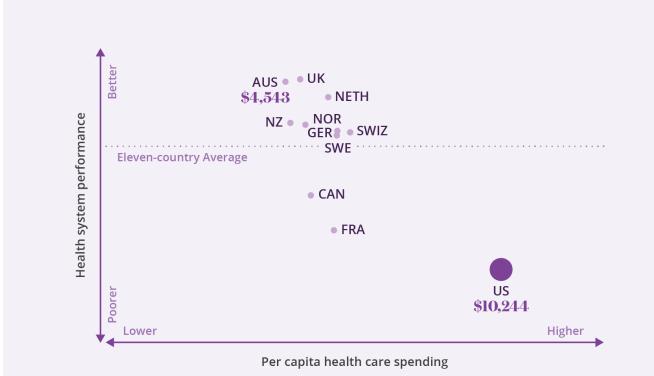


## More Stats – From Aetna

- The disease burden in the U.S. is the highest among developed countries.
- 6 in 10 Americans have at least one chronic condition — high blood pressure, diabetes, mental illness — and 4 in 10 are managing more than one.
- 90 percent of health care dollars spent each year is for people with chronic health conditions.

## We spend too much, and we get too little.

The U.S. spends the most on health care, but has the worst outcomes and highest disease burden among developed nations.[3][4]



## Social Drivers of Health

- Who screens in your clinic?
- How do you meet these needs once you have screened for social drivers?
- Providing population care.
  - UDS if you are in FQHC
  - Performance Improvement Goals
  - Collaborative Meetings and Huddles
  - Shared Care Plans with the Patient at the Center of the Care

#### Your ZIP code matters

**250%** 

People living in poverty are 250% more likely to be diagnosed with type 2 diabetes than those with greater income stability.[10][11][12]

Why? Poor communities have less access to...













What is Value-Based Care, How it Works & Benefits I Aetna

### Sounds Familiar...

"Value-based care puts greater emphasis on **integrated care**, meaning health care providers work together to address a person's **physical**, **mental**, **behavioral and social needs**.

In this way, providers treat an individual as a **whole person**, rather than focusing on a specific health issue or disease."

CMS – Value Based Care



#### The Gist

Insurances want us to provide high-quality, cost-effective care to their customers by providing whole person care.

Good News!

WE DO THAT!



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#### Care Coordination

- SDH Screening and referrals
- Must be followed up with
- ☐ How do we track that we are following up with a patient?
- ☐ These patients are often referred to BH with frustration that they are not improving...and they don't have basic needs met.
- Housing is healthcare!



#### Maslow's hierarchy of needs



## **Screening for SDH**

"Open communication requires building an environment that encourages an exchange of dialogue and ideas."



- •An ongoing conversation using Motivational Interviewing or Empathic Interviewing skills.
- Patients in Integrated Care have a relationship with their Care Team that allows for open communication about all needs that impact healthcare.
- ■This isn't just checking a box once a year or handing a patient a piece of paper.
- Care Coordinator/Manager etc follows up with patients and is known as the central communicator for the team.



## Reframing our Thinking



- •We already do many of these practices with Integrated Care.
- •How do we document this well?
- •And improve our Care Coordination to ensure health equity?
- •And assess if there are patients slipping through the gaps in care that we can outreach?



## **Patient Registries**

- AZARA DRVS
- •Can be used to run gap reports from your EMR of patient needs and gaps in care.
- •Then delegated to appropriate members of the team for patient outreach.
- Contact Toni Wood for more training/info
  - twood@mtpca.org

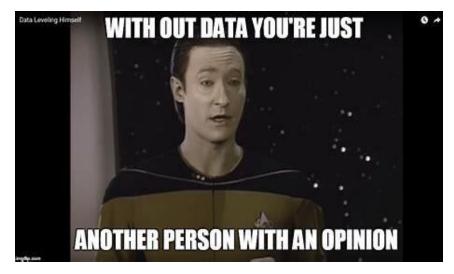




#### **Data Driven Care**

#### ☐ Unique Patients

- □Unique lives touched by the provider
- ■When we engage the entire team, we have more time to touch many lives and work at the top of our license.
- □Compared to number of appointments
  - ☐ Fee for service we want to reduce overall cost of care
  - ■Work as efficiently as possible





## Single Session Mindset

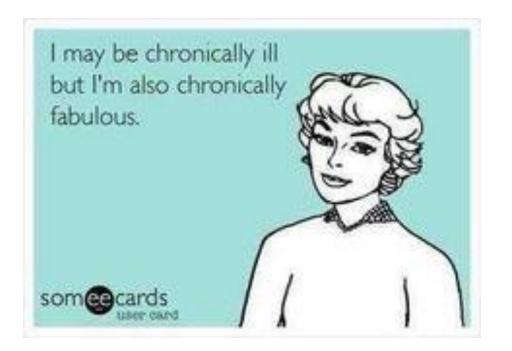
- ☐ How do we show that patients are improving?
  - □Screeners, surveys, hospital visits, etc
- ☐ If our data shows that they are NOT improving, what are we doing to adjust treatment?
  - □ Do patients understand our role and are they engaged in their care plans?
  - ☐ Are we meeting the patient where they are in their context? With their goal? (not ours)





### Reframe!

- □ Chronic illness management Is our patient functioning, even with their chronic illness?
  - □DUKE Functional Assessment, PSEQ
  - ■BH should/could be engaged for EVERY patient in primary care.





## The Quadruple Aim



- **Team documentation** in the EHR.
- ❖ Pre-visit planning to reduce time wasted on follow-up results review.
- **Expand roles** to allow nurses, MA's and other team-mates to support the PCP in chronic illness management.
- **❖ Co-locate teams** so PCP's work in the same space as their team members.
- Train and support staff who assume new responsibilities.

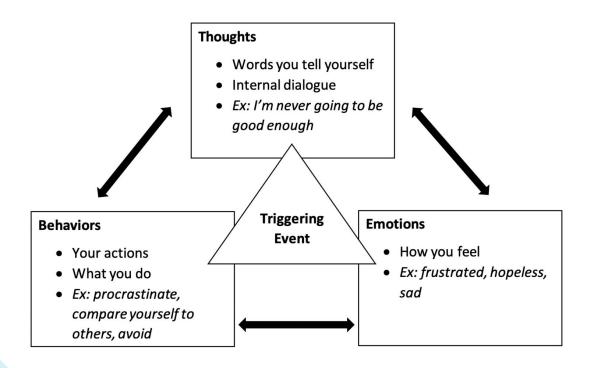


#### **Easier Said Than Done...**

- When the pressure for metrics lies on one professional, that is overwhelming and unreasonable.
- ❖With Value-Based Care (and integration), we are wrapping our entire group of professionals around the patient in the context of what the patient is willing and able to engage in.
  - When we do this, we hope that the metrics follow – and if they don't, we expect the function will.
  - And if it doesn't, we keep working with the patient to experiment in trying something different.



#### **Personal Belief**



- ❖Patients came to our clinic for assistance. They want to feel better!
- ❖If our medical team is struggling with a chronic medical issue with a patient, it could be time to engage your BH Team.
- The BH Team will assess the context of the situation.
- ❖What the patient can engage in. What success would look like for them. What a small step could be.
- ❖SDH that could be impacting the patient's ability.
- And continue experimenting with the patient to improve their health and wellness.

## Training – A Paradigm Shift

- Colleges are not training social workers in Integrated Care – yet.
- Therapists do not generally learn how to use data to drive their interventions.
- BH Providers often do not learn about Substance Use.
- PCP's often don't learn to lead an Integrated Team or engage in QI.
- But to have a successful Integrated
   Team we have to break out of these silos!
  - For example....





#### What's the Difference?

### PRIMARY CARE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

- Targeted Treatment from the 1st Session
- Treat as though patient may only be seen once
- Accessible often same day No wait list
- Do not "fire" from treatment
- Do not "discharge" see patient for lifetime
- Chart in the medical record with a
   Shared Care Plan with the PC Team

#### TRADITIONAL MENTAL HEALTH

- Wait List Then scheduled appointment
- Initial Assessment Information Gathering, Not Treatment
- TP's that last months-years
- Terminated from care if miss appointments
- Discharge when treatment is complete
- Communication to the PC Team is limited

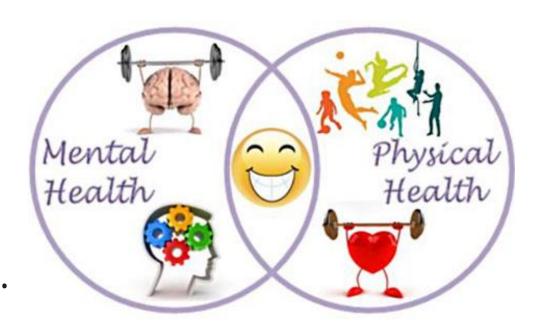


## Onboarding vs. Orientation



## Why Integration to Primary Care?

- □lt's care over a person's lifetime.
- □It's preventative.
- □It's destigmatizing.
- □It's mission-driven in creating access and addressing barriers.
- □It's LOGICAL.
- □It's Value-Based Care





#### Resources

What is Value-Based Care, How it Works & Benefits I Aetna

Value-Based Care | CMS

<u>From Triple to Quadruple Aim: Care of the Patient Requires Care of the Provider - PMC (nih.gov)</u>

By Mission And Definition, Community Health Centers Already Perform Value-Based Care | Health Affairs

About HRSA | HRSA



## **Upcoming Trainings**

Stronger Together – Webinar May 16<sup>th</sup> at 9:00

Collaborative Documentation – Webinar May 30<sup>th</sup> 9:00

**Events Calendar - Montana Primary Care Association (mtpca.org)** 

